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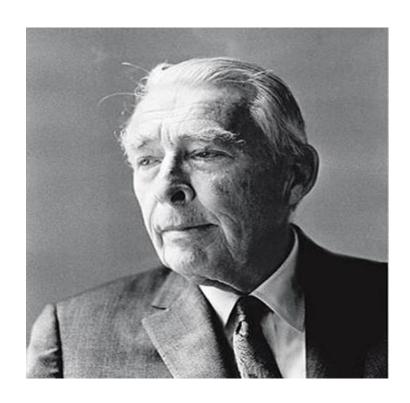


Introduction and agenda

- What do we mean by 'Good Governance'?
- What is ESG?
- How can ESG be measured?
- How have ESG principles changed?
- Where do we go from here?

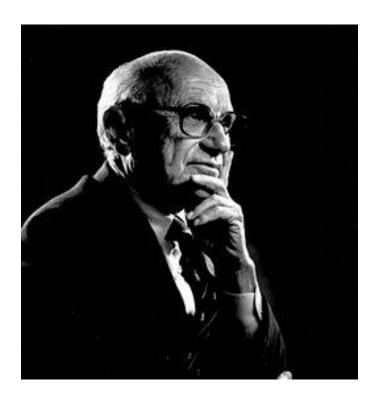


What do we mean by 'Good Governance?'



"Shareholders are the corporation's 'true owners'"

- Adolf Berle, 1932



"Corporations have no higher purpose than maximizing profits for their shareholders"

- Milton Friedman, 1970

Shareholder Value Is No Longer Everything, Top C.E.O.s Say

Did the Business Roundtable Sound the Death Knell for Shareholder Primacy?





"The purpose of a company is to engage all its stakeholders in shared and sustained value creation. In creating such value, a company serves not only its shareholders, but all its stakeholders – employees, customers, suppliers, local communities and society at large."

Davos 2020 Manifesto: The Universal Purpose of a Company in the Fourth Industrial Revolution

"Each of our stakeholders is essential. We commit to deliver value to all of them, for the future success of our companies, our communities and our country."

Business Roundtable Members

Governance at Law



Corporations Act 2001

No. 50, 2001

Chapter 2D—Officers and employees

Part 2D.1—Duties and powers

Division 1 - ss 180-190

NOTE: SIS – Super trustees act in interests of Beneficiaries – s52A(2)(c); due care, skill and diligence – s52A(2)(b)

Common Law Duties

Act with care and diligence

Act in good faith and for proper purpose

Not misuse information or position

Avoid conflicts of interest or duty

Not fetter discretions



What is ESG?

Environmental, Social and Governance

Environmental





- Carbon footprint of business, projects and products
- Supply chain
- Product stewardship
- Circular economy
- Climate Change
- Resource Management
- Risk Mitigation

Social





- Workplace, health and safety
- Working conditions, including child labour
- Modern Slavery
- Diversity & Inclusion
- Employee and Community Relations
- Human Rights

Governance





- Shareholder rights and activism
- Political activism
- Social license and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)
- Board diversity and structure
- Executive compensation





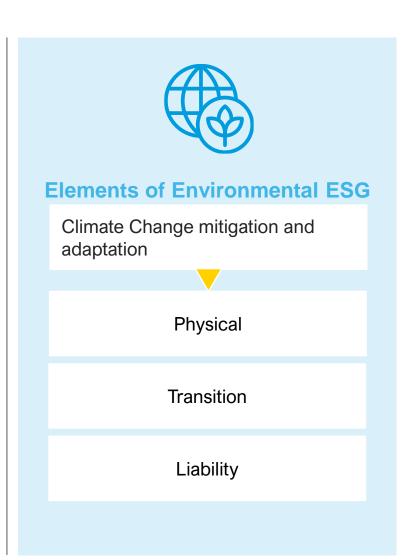




Environmental

Environmental

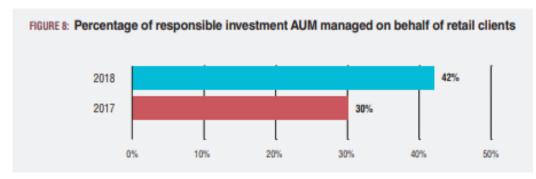
- Managing carbon footprint, including supply chain and product usage (scope 3)
- Aiming to reduce carbon emissions GHG Protocol, CDP
- Updating internal reporting standards in line with Taskforce for Climate-Related Financial Disclosures standards
- Includes forward-looking metrics and scenario testing business models targeted at maintaining warming below 2°C
- Subscribing to measures adopted by the EU Taxonomy of sustainable activities by designating and reporting the percentage of corporate assets, investments and expenditures towards sustainable finance and the green economy (so financial capital can be deployed to 'activities' which aid the transition to a low carbon economy)

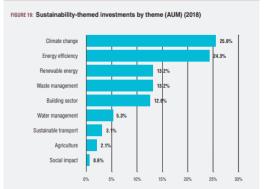


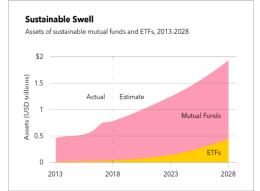
Current Trends in Environmental consideration

Why?

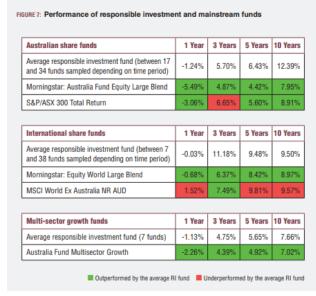
Fastest growing ESG Branch





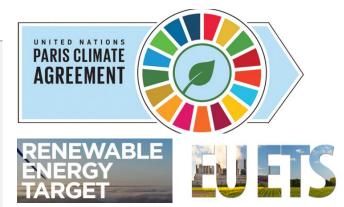


Easier to demonstrate, monetise and achieve commercial results



Source: Responsible Investment Benchmark Report 2019 Australia

Emerging public policy focus



Multitude of existing metrics and investment products



Trucost ESG Analysis

S&P Global

MSCI ESG METRICS

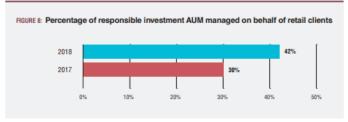


Source: Responsible Investment Benchmark Report 2019 Australia

Opportunities in E

Transition to widespread alignment with the E in ESG

Stakeholder Preferences



Source: Responsible Investment Benchmark Report 2019 Australia

Policy and Regulatory Changes

Norway is walking away from billions of barrels of oil and gas

'Leading the country': South Australia to ban plastic cutlery, straws and stirrers

Technological Development



Hedge funds step up ESG efforts through machine learning

Easily Understandable Tracking Metrics

There are a number of ways an individual or corporation can track their environmental impact...

Waste Reduction

CO2 per Unit of Production

Water Usage

Energy Efficiency

Green House Gas Emissions Carbon Footprint and Emissions Targets





S Social

Social

- How a corporation manages its relationships with people
- Maximising Employee health and wellbeing
- Managing Staff and Executive remuneration to decrease inequality gaps
- Paying attention to issues at the heart of social consciousness (stakeholders)
- Managing exposure to high risk geopolitical situations
- Create public value and driving social impact by engaging in Social Impact Investment (such as social impact bonds) as a core business strategy
- Working with and supporting social enterprises during the course of business
- Stakeholder v shareholder primacy
- Social Enterprise business model creation of 'public value' (social impact)
- National frameworks (GDP? Health & Wellbeing NZ Treasury)



Elements of Social ESG

Developing useful metrics by which positive social engagement can be measured and encouraged

Employee Health and Wellbeing

Driving social impact via adjusting investment strategies and engaging with social enterprises



What does the S in ESG look like?

More like this...

Private Equity Firm TPG Plans to Raise Second Social Impact Fund

'The status quo is unacceptable': Walmart will stop selling some ammunition and exit the handgun market

How corporate Australia is tackling the mental health crisis

How did CEO pay get to 500 times the wages of ordinary workers?

...less like this

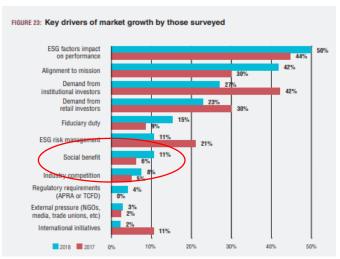
Banking royal commission: Predatory practices, exploitation of Indigenous Australians revealed

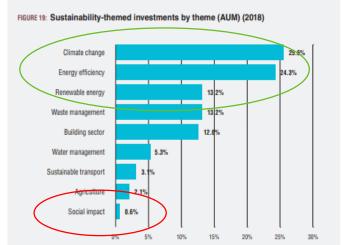
Australian CEO bonuses at near record highs despite royal commission

Target reveals \$9 million in staff underpayments in latest wage theft scandal at Wesfarmers

Current Trends in Social

Far slower growth than E





Source: Responsible Investment Benchmark Report 2019 Australia

Source: Responsible Investment Benchmark Report 2019 Australia

Why?

Difficult to measure

Difficult to monetise

Predominant view that governments are welfare providers

S is the next wave

Continued internal and external commercial demand for Social Inclusion

Future Cities concepts and move towards alternatives to modern day living practices

Ongoing growth in focus regarding personal health and wellbeing

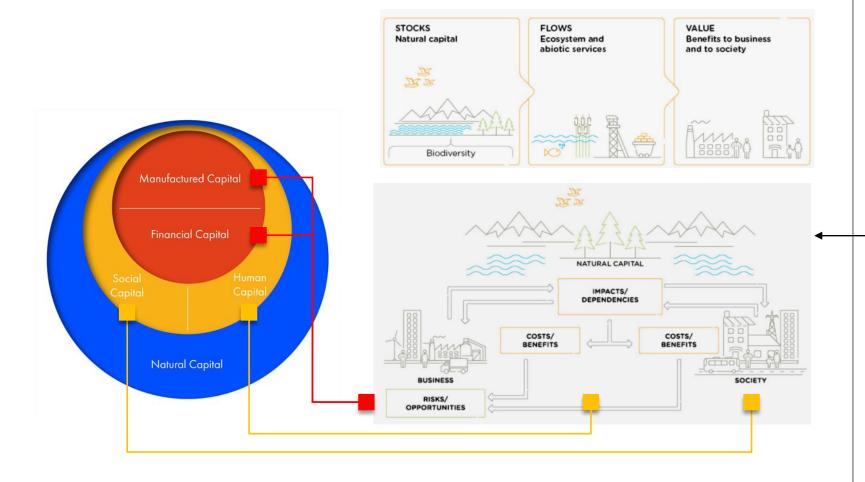






Governance

Corporate Governance



Source: Forum for the Future and the Natural Capital Coalition



Elements of Governance ESG

Abandoning shareholder primacy – governance and stakeholder and supply chain (human capital, people)

Ensuring balance between shareholder return and social responsibility (CSR)

Transparency via adherence to disclosure frameworks



operating and financial review

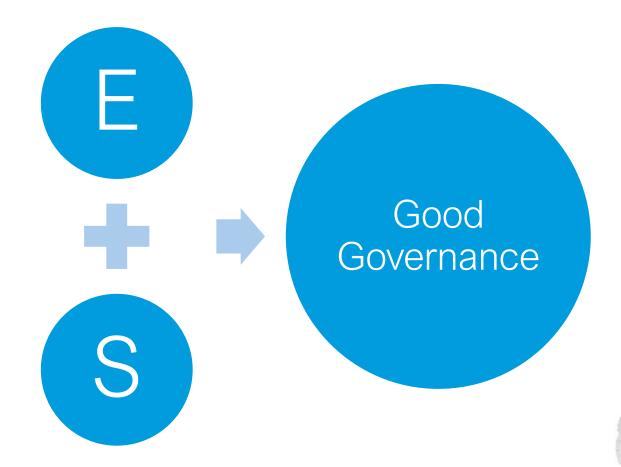






Modern Slavery Act 2018

$$E + S = G$$



- ESG Principles are inherently long-term and holistic
- Recognising ESG factors as examples of prudent governance under the business judgement rule
- Long Term Value Creation via focus on customer centricity, employees and fair returns to financial capital
- Good Governance requires strategic consideration of value chain drivers over short and longer term horizons
- Who is to say that ESG factors are not material to the fiduciary duty to act with due care and diligence?
- Businesses are well served being ahead of the curve as governments move increasingly towards climate and ESG oriented action

Labor commits to net-zero emissions by 2050

The Greens Are Germany's Leading Political Party. Wait, What?



How can we measure ESG?

Benchmarking ESG

Despite the lack of a standardised body, private actors, independent bodies and government organisations have taken it upon themselves to benchmark ESG























Traditional measures are also useful – Credit Rating Agencies are joining the fray



THE INDEX COMPANY











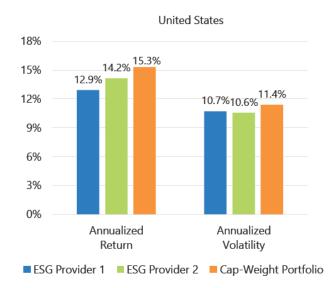


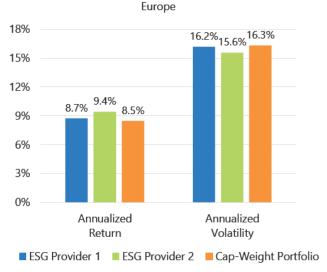




ESG data and metrics are still an emerging field

Performance of a Simple ESG Portfolio Using Different Ratings Providers, Jul 2010-Jun 2018





Source: Li and Polychronopoulos, What a difference an ESG Ratings Provider Makes!, (January 2020, Research Affiliates)

- Market-wide standards yet to be implemented
- Different models and approaches will produce different results
- Quantitative v Qualitative: What's providing the most accurate view?
- Only 20 or so years of data to draw on... as data develops, outcomes will be refined and improved
- Emerging technologies, including Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning, will speed up the data optimisation process
- EU Taxonomy
- TCFD





"With the impact of sustainability on investment returns increasing, we believe that sustainable investing is the strongest foundation for client portfolios going forward"

Larry Fink, CEO, BlackRock

"The results show that the business case for ESG investing is empirically very well-founded. Roughly 90% of studies find a non-negative ESG-Corporate Financial Performance relation. More importantly, the large majority of studies report positive findings."

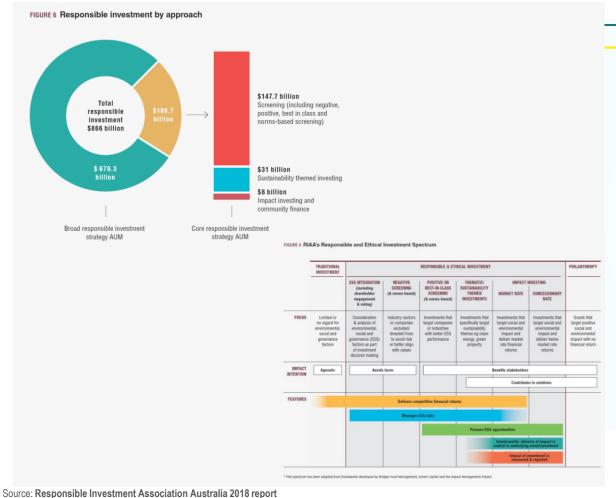
Friede, Busch, Bassen,, 'ESG and Financial Performance: Aggregated Evidence from More than 2000 Empirical Studies' Journal of Sustainable Finance and Investment (2015)



How have ESG Principles manifested themselves?

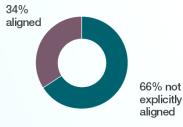
Capital for purpose – Responsible investment





Sustainable Bonds Insight

The green, social and sustainability bonds aligned with the Sustainable Development Goals amounted to \$70,238.6 M in 2018. 34% of green, social and sustainability issuances explicitly align with the Sustainable Development Goals. The three most covered SDGs are SDG11 (Sustainable cities and communities), SDG7 (Affordable and clean energy) and SDG13 (Climate action).



Methodology: Bonds that have been included in this infographic are those that have indicated that they contribute to one or more of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in their framework or external review. The figures represent the combined value of the bonds that align with each SDG. Several bonds have indicated that they align with more than one SDG.



Sustainable Development Goals

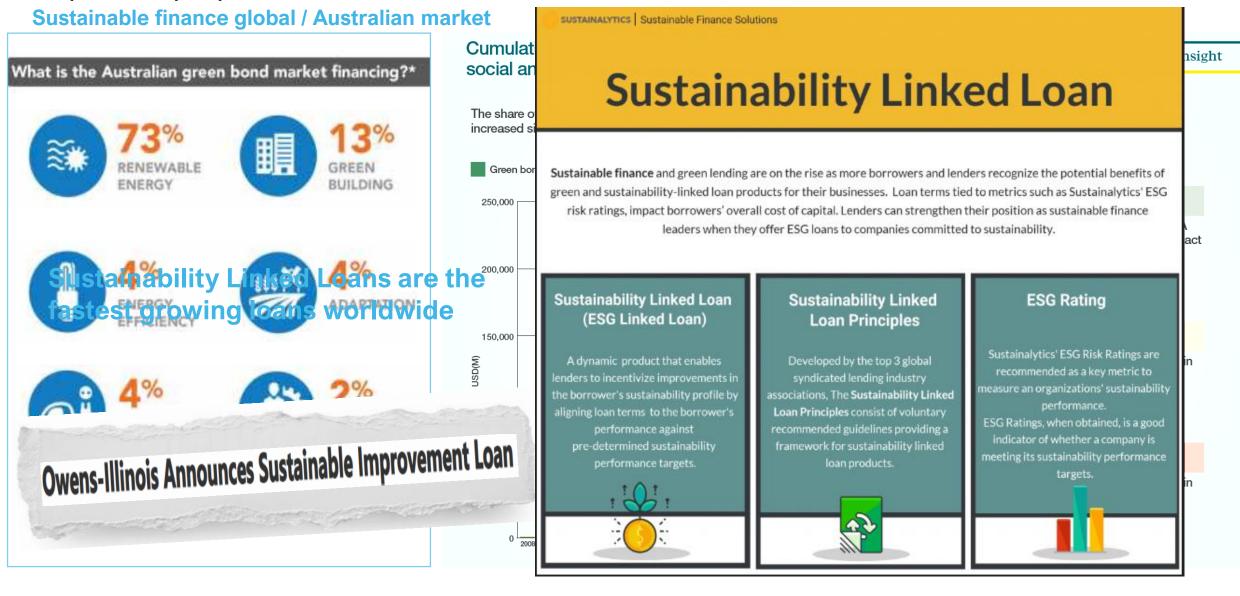


Source: Environmental Finance: Sustainable Bonds Insight 2019





Capital for purpose



B Corps and Social Enterprise

B Corp is to business what
Fair Trade certification is to
coffee or USDA Organic
certification is to milk. B
Corps are for-profit
companies certified by the
nonprofit B Lab to meet
rigorous standards of social
and environmental
performance, accountability,
and transparency.

www.bcorporation.net



THE SPECTRUM

Where Social Enterprise Fits



TWO GOOD CO.







"Findings continue to indicate that many staff experience physical and mental health improvements, and increased levels of social engagement and financial independence. These effects are particularly apparent in the first 12 months. The changes appear to stabilise after the first year, as staff prepare to transition into the open jobs market with support from our Careers Team."

Source: Social Traders

Public Institutional Involvement









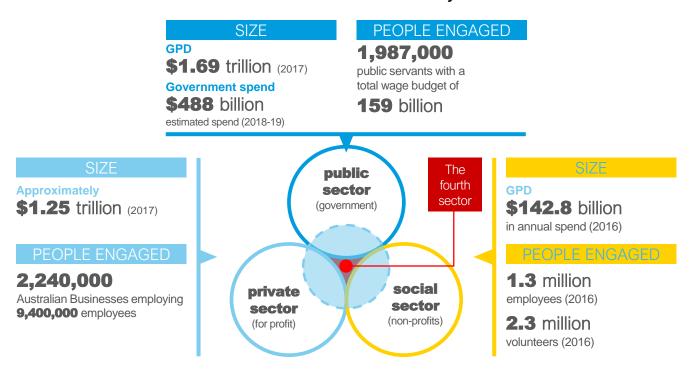
Source: TriplePundit



Where do we go from here?

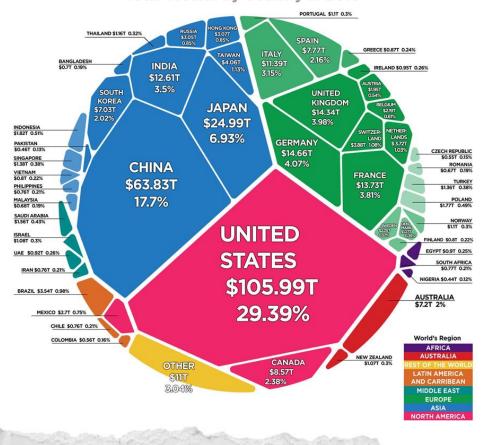
Next Steps...

Australian socio-economic system



The Distribution of the World's Wealth

Total Wealth by Country in 2019



'We are on the edge of a fundamental reshaping of finance'



Questions?

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